# 2021 BUDGET PUBLIC MEETING

March 22, 2021

Committee Room

via Teams on-line meeting

Presented By: Dawn Galusha, Treasurer



### BUDGET PROCESS

- Municipalities exist under the mandate of the Province.
- Municipal Act and a variety of other Provincial Acts
- Provincial requirement to prepare a Budget
- This public meeting will explain:
  - How the Town is financed
  - How your tax dollars are applied

## 2021 BUDGET PROCESS

- Process began with Management and Administration preparing estimates and then preparing an in-depth review of those estimates
- The detailed budgets were brought to each executive committee of Council for input
- A full detailed budget was provided to Council and a Committee of the Whole Meeting was held on February 1.
- During this meeting Council evaluated and reviewed the challenging requests and approved the 2021 budget.

#### UTILITIES

- The Town of Fort Frances also operates 2 utilities:
  - Water and Sewer
- The operations of the two Utilities are funded by:
  - The user fees that they generate
- They do not affect property tax rates directly
- Also, the Town is the sole shareholder of the Fort Frances Power Corporation
  - Electrical rates fully fund the FFPC

## SOURCES OF MUNICIPAL REVENUE

- The Town of Fort Frances has four sources of revenue:
  - Taxation (including Payment In-Lieu of Taxes)
  - Conditional and Unconditional Grants
  - User Fees, Permits, Licenses and Fines
  - Other revenues such as penalties and interest, rents, sale of land and equipment, etc.

### PROPERTY TAXATION

- Main source of revenue
- Consists of 2 main components
  - Tax Base (assessment)
    - Assessed value of property is determined by the Municipal Property Assessment Corporation (MPAC)
    - Due to COVID, the Province determined that the Assessment Values would remain at the 2020 values
  - Tax Rates (Municipal and Education)
    - Municipal- set by Town Council
    - Education- set by the Province of Ontario
- Special charges- Business Improvement Area Charges
  - Added only to specific areas

#### PROPERTY TAX RATES

- Tax Ratios- define the municipal tax rate of each property class in relation to the Residential Tax Ratio of 1
  - As per Ontario Regulation 385/98, Revenue Neutral Ratios (RNR) are not permitted for 2021 due to the re-assessment deferral. However, because the assessments for all properties that did not have a physical change are the same as 2020, your 2021 Starting Ratios would match Revenue Neutral Ratio in most instances.

#### PROPERTY TAX RATES

- Property tax rates are set by Town Council based on the estimated revenue needed to operate and maintain town services and its infrastructure
- Property tax rates are subject to Provincial regulations:
  - Levy restriction for the Multi-residential, Commercial and Industrial Property Classes

# LEVY RESTRICTION OR HARD CAPPING EXPLAINED...

- Provincial legislation prohibits municipalities from applying municipal levy increases on:
  - Multi-residential,
  - Commercial, and
  - Industrial property classes
- Where the tax ratio is above the provincial threshold the restricted class cannot be increased by more than 50% of the levy increase applied to non-capped properties

#### **ASSESSMENT**

- MPAC is responsible for determining property assessment valuations based on policies stipulated in the Assessment Act
- Assessment Act
  - Amended in 2007
    - Properties valued every four years, beginning with the 2009 tax year
    - 2017 began the third 4-year cycle
      - Assessment increases are phased in over the 4 year period (2017-2020)
      - Assessment decreases are immediate
- Assessment for 2021
  - 2021 should have been the first year of the next 4 year assessment cycle. This was deferred due to COVID, so properties have the same assessment as they did in 2020

### GRADUATED TAXATION

- Graduated Taxation was implemented in 2017, with adjustments in 2018
  - 2 bands
    - Band #1-\$0-3.6 Million
    - Band #2- Over \$3.6 Million
- Provincial tool provided the Town the ability to set a tax rate for Band #1 at a rate of 60% of Band #2
- Self-funded within the Commercial class and does not shift any further tax burden onto the Residential Property class.

### USER FEES

- The Town has discretion to determine the services for which it will charge a fee. Some examples of fees charged are:
  - Sports Centre ice rental fees
  - Landfill site tipping fees
  - Garbage bag tag fees
  - Airport landing fees
  - Building permit & zoning application fees
- Many fees increased by 0.6% (same as CPI inflationary increase for Sept 2019 to September 2020)
- Province regulates:
  - Fees are based on cost recovery not to "make a profit"

### USER FEES

- Council approved by-laws that set out our user fees for 2021 for municipal services and for Water & Sewer rates which were set independently.
- Water and Sewer rates were revised with a continued view as to:
  - 1. Impact of Provincial Regulations
  - 2. Sustain and maintain existing system

# LICENCES, PERMITS AND FINES

- Revenues under this category include:
  - Business licences
  - Lottery licences
  - Building permits
  - Parking fines
- Similar to user fees, the Province regulates:
  - Fees are based on cost recovery not to "make a profit"

# MUNICIPAL ACCOMMODATION TAX

- Effective January 1, 2019- Accommodation providers in the Town were mandated by By-Law to collect and remit a 4% tax on hotel stays
  - 50% of the collected money will be distributed to the Rainy River Future Development Corporation as the eligible not-for-profit tourism to be used for the exclusive purpose of tourism promotion and development
  - The other 50% is for the Town to be utilized for tourism and economic development priorities. This year Council will use the funds towards the economic development initiatives.
  - The COVID-19 pandemic is projected to continue to have a negative impact on the amount of revenue the Town will receive from the Municipal Accommodation Tax in 2021.

### **GRANTS**

- Conditional and unconditional grants from both the Provincial and Federal Governments
- Ontario Municipal Partnership Fund
  - Main unconditional grant
  - **\$3,328,600**
  - Increase of \$34,000 or 1.03% (from 2020 to 2021)
- Federal and Provincial grants for general operations

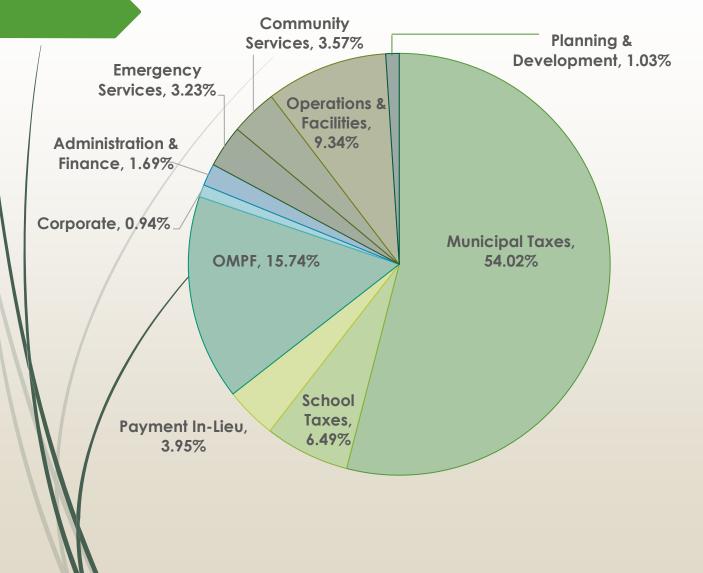
## CONDITIONAL GRANTS

- The Town receives a variety of annual conditional operating grants such as:
  - \$113,730 Recycling grant (Stewardship Ontario)
  - \$42,700 Operating grant for the Fort Frances Seniors' Centre
  - \$71,727 Handi-van Transit (Ministry of Transportation Gas Tax)
- The Town also receives annual conditional capital grants which fund various road, sidewalk construction projects:
  - \$490,887 Federal Gas Tax
  - \$682,746 Ontario Community Infrastructure Formula Based Funding

#### SPECIAL PROJECT GRANTS

- The Town also applies for operational and capital grants for special projects such as:
  - Connecting Link Funding for road reconstruction projects
  - OCIF Top-up for road reconstruction projects
  - New NOHFC programs are available for facility upgrades (ie. Senior's Centre Expansion)
  - Any other opportunities that arise which will assist with the cost to the Town

# 2021 BUDGETED REVENUES



11,421,235
1,372,201
835,160
3,328,600
199,001
357,100
682,801
755,589
1,975,244
216,770
21,143,701

## 2021 BUDGETED REVENUES

	2021 Budget	2020 Budget	Change
Corporate	\$17,156,197	\$17,322,279	\$ -166,082
Administration & Finance	357,100	465,325	-108,225
Emergency Services (Fire, COVID, OPP)	682,801	336,589	346,212
Community Services	755,589	1,262,148	-506,559
operations and Facilities	1,975,244	2,126,623	-151,379
Planning and Development	216,770	188,664	28,106
Total	\$21,143,701	\$21,701,628	\$ -557,927

Note: Emergency Services is increased due to Safe Restart Grants and carry forward of 2020 SRF Grant; Community Services is directly impacted with a loss in revenue as a result of COVID-19; Operations and Facilities impact is mostly from a loss in Airport Revenues due to COVID-19

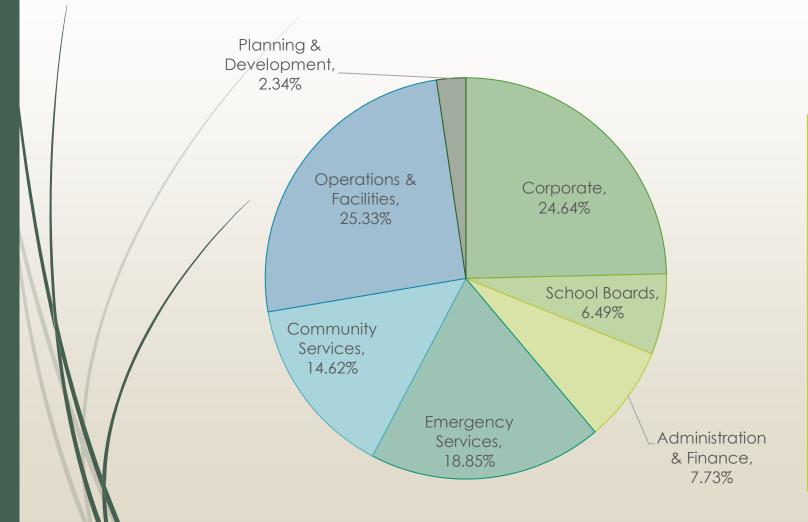
# MUNICIPAL EXPENSES and EXPENDITURES

- Three types of municipal expenses/expenditures:
  - Operating
  - Capital
  - Reserve Fund Contributions
- Two Broad Categories
  - Controllable
    - Administration, Fire and Rescue, Public Works, Museum, Parks, Airport, Handi-Van, By-Law Enforcement, Recreation, Cemeteries, Waste Management, Fort Frances Seniors' Centre
  - Non-controllable

# LONG TERM DEBT

- Council decision:
  - Debt
  - Pay-as-you-go
- Long Term Debt repayment is part of current operating budget
  - **\$365,991**
- Total debt at the end of 2020 is \$659,421

# 2021 OPERATING EXPENSES



Corporate	5,209,093
School Boards	1,372,201
Administration & Finance	1,635,145
Emergency Services	3,984,535
Community Services	3,091,889
Operations & Facilities	5,355,071
Planning & Development	495,767
2021 Expenses	21,143,701

# 2021 BUDGETED EXPENDITURES

	2021 Budget	2020 Budget	Change
Corporate	\$6,581,294	\$6,813,802	-232,508
Administration & Finance	1,635,145	1,595,428	39,717
Emergency Services (Fire, COVID, OPP)	3,984,535	3,885,450	99,085
Community Services	3,091,889	3,415,036	-323,147
Operations and Facilities	5,355,071	5,446,745	-91,674
Planning and Development	495,767	545,167	-49,400
Total	\$21,143,701	\$21,701,628	-557,927

# 2021 BUDGET SUMMARY

General Division	Revenue	Expenditure	Budget Deficit
Corporate	(\$17,156,197)	\$6,581,294	(\$10,574,903)
Administration & Finance	(357,100)	1,635,145	1,278,045
Emergency Services	(682,801)	3,984,535	3,301,734
Community Services	(755,589)	3,091,889	2,336,300
Operations & Facilities	(1,975,244)	5,355,071	3,379,827
Planning & Development	(216,770)	495,767	278,997
	(21,143,701)	21,143,701	0
Capital Budget	(13,303,569)	13,303,569	-
Water Operating Budget	(2,894,472)	2,894,472	-
Sewer Operating Budget	(2,682,631)	2,682,631	-
	(5,577,103)	5,577,103	-
	(\$40,024,373)	\$40,024,373	0

#### TAX RATE SUMMARY

- The 2021 General Operating Budget results in the following total **tax rate** (Municipal and Education) increases or reductions as compared to the 2020 tax rates:
  - 2.00% increase for Farmland
  - 2.00% increase for Residential
  - 2.00% decrease for Multi-residential
  - 0.64% decrease for Commercial
  - 0.88% decrease for Industrial
  - 0.23% increase for Large Industrial
  - 3.21% **decrease** for Pipelines
- Vacant & Excess Land are the same as the Class they are included under (ie. Commercial and Industrial) as there is a complete phase out of the reduction percentage

# RESIDENTIAL TAX RATE COMPARISON

Current Value Assessment	2020	2021	Difference in Tax \$
\$ 60,000	1,142.02	1,164.84	22.82
100,000	1,903.37	1,941.41	38.04
150,000	2,855.05	2,912.11	57.06
200,000	3,806.73	3,882.82	76.09

# 2021 TAX DOLLAR DISTRIBUTION

Community Services (Sportsplex, Library, Museum, Daycare, Marina, Sunny Cove)	14.70
Rainy River District Social Services Administration Board*	14.11
Contributions to Reserve Funds	13.67
Operations & Facilities (Roads, Cemeteries, Parks, Airport, Waste Management)	12.59
Police*	12.55
School Boards*	10.07
Fire/911 Services	7.85
Administration/Council/ Economic Development	6.33
Long-Term Debt	2.82
Northwestern Health Unit*	2.77
Planning & Development (Including By-law)	2.05
Local Hospital Doctor Recruitment	<u>0.50</u>
	<u>\$100.00</u>

#### \$39.50 of every \$100 is for uncontrollable services/costs\*

\$60.50 of every \$100 is for services controlled by the municipality

# 2021 UNCONTROLLABLE EXPENSES

	2020 Actual	2021 Budget	Change
Health Unit	\$ 408,652	\$ 377,954	\$ -30,698
RRDSSAB	1,923,520	1,923,520	0
Policing Contract	2,639,763	2,706,631	66,868
Total	\$ 4,971,935	\$ 5,008,105	\$ 36,170

Note: RRDSSAB Levy was not available at the time of the budget. Since then, we have been notified the levy will be \$1,918,415.61

#### RESERVE AND RESERVE FUNDS

- Critical component of the Town's Long-Term financial plan
- Provides financing of capital assets
- Building of Reserve Funds is primarily accomplished through:
  - the allocation of annual operating surpluses
  - Operational budget allocations
    - To sustain asset management strategies
- 20/21 General Operating budget allocates
  - \$1,863,000 to Corporate Vehicles/Equipment, Projects, and Building reserve funds
  - \$23,360 to Post Landfill Closure reserve fund
- Water and Sewer Operating Budgets allocate any surplus to Waterworks & Sanitary Sewer Reserve Funds, and \$17,982 to Water meter Replacement Reserve Fund. In addition, Contributions to Capital projects from the W&S Operating Budgets account for \$2,412,196
- The Federal Gas Tax Capital funding of \$490,887 is also directed to reserves.

# RESERVE AND RESERVE FUNDS

Reserve Funds (as of Dec 31/20)	\$18,122,180
2021 Estimated Interest Earned	167,500
2021 Estimated Transfers to Reserves	4,871,388
2021 Estimated Transfers from Reserves	<u>-6,432,870</u>
Subtotal	16,728,198
Reserve for Working Capital	<u>1,000,000</u>
Total Reserve & Reserve Funds	\$17,728,198

## ADDED COSTS vs. EFFICIENCIES

- COVID-19 has changed the way we do business in many waysunfortunately, in some areas, such as Community Services and cleaning, we have not seen efficiencies, but rather additional costs. This mostly is presented in the form of additional sanitization and cleaning.
- Efficiencies allow a service to continue in a less expensive manner
  - ie. Less human and equipment resources
- Asset Management Plan
  - Funding to bring the Plan to a current status
  - Future budgeting decisions to be made based on the Asset Management Plan
- The Town continues to seek additional efficiencies.

## CURRENT ECONOMIC SITUATION

- COVID-19 has impacted the community, Province, Country and World in significant ways, in order to limit the spread of the virus:
  - Businesses have been forced to close their doors to reduce the transmission of the virus, put
    up protection barriers, and invest in PPE
  - Staff have been laid off due to shortage of work
  - Students have been forced to attend on-line learning
- Council has a difficult task of:
  - Balancing the needs of the community,
  - Maintaining acceptable service levels,
  - Making every effort to strengthen the local economy,
  - While providing fairness in taxation and value in service to our residents
- The future of the Large Industrial Class tax base for mill properties is still unknown
- OPP Costs are uncontrollable and are reconciled 2 years later and continue to rise
- Escalating operating costs- Salaries, benefits, heat, hydro, repairs
- Aging infrastructure and growing infrastructure deficit

# QUESTIONS or COMMENTS

Thank you!